

BERMAD

BC/WW-400 SERIES

ENGINEERING DATA

400 SERIES INTRODUCTION

The 400 Series valves are at the leading edge of control valve design virtually free of the typical limitations associated with other diaphragm single chambered valves. The body design includes a full-bore seat with unobstructed flow path. The internal design is using advanced rubber-based materials to achieve a solid, one-piece

elastomeric assembly including a flexible diaphragm, vulcanized with a rugged radial seal disc. The diaphragm is carefully balanced and peripherally supported to avoid distortion and to protect the elastomer, resulting in long-life and controlled actuation even under harsh conditions.



Features and Benefits

- In-line serviceable, easy & simple maintenance
- Excellent flow capacity with minimum head-loss
- Accurate & stable regulation at a wide flow range
- Easy addition of control features

Typical Applications

- Pressure reducing systems and level control in:
- Buildings and constructions
 - Waterworks systems
 - Water treatment plants

Standards



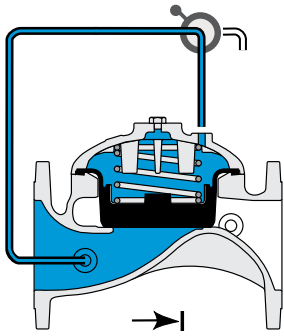
ISO 9001-2015 Certified Quality Assurance System

ISO 9001

ISO 9001-2015 Certified Quality Assurance System

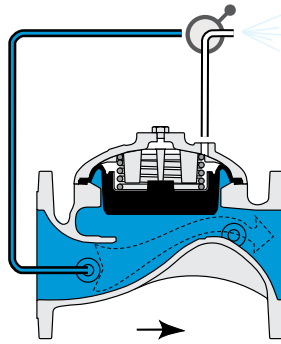
Principle of Operation

On-Off Modes



Closed Position

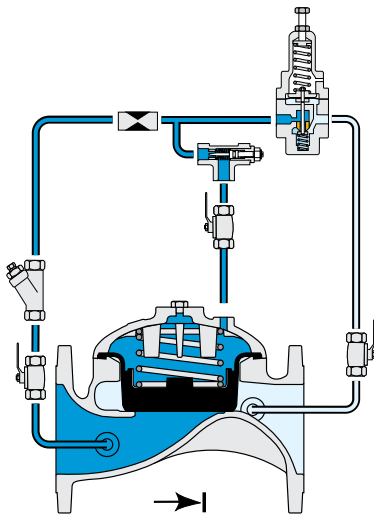
Line pressure applied to the control chamber of the valve creates a hydraulic force that moves the valve to the closed position and provides drip tight sealing.



Open Position

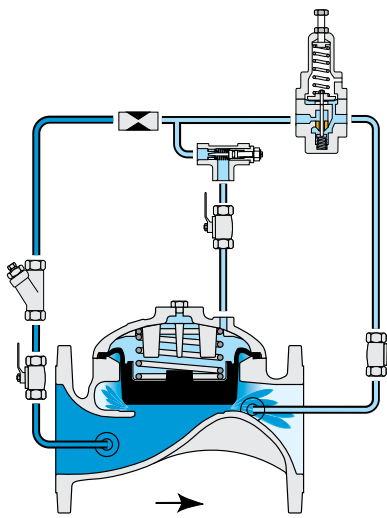
Discharging the pressure from the control chamber to atmosphere or some other lower pressure zone, causes the line pressure acting on the plug to open the valve.

2-Way Modulating Modes - Pressure Reducing



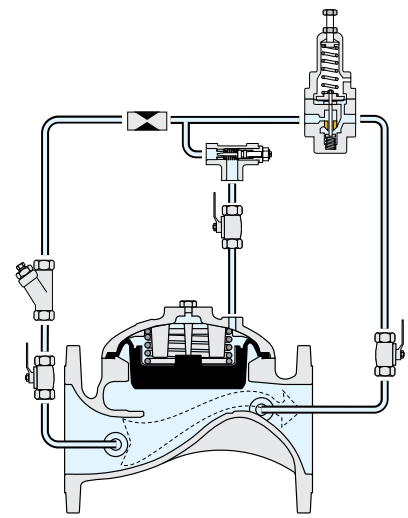
Closed Position

The closed adjustable pilot valve traps line pressure in the control chamber. The resulting superior force moves the valve to the closed position and provides drip-tight sealing.



Modulating Position

The pilot valve senses line pressure changes and opens or closes accordingly. It controls the accumulated pressure in the valve control chamber, causing main valve to modulate to an intermediate position and maintain the preset pressure value.



Open Position

The open pilot valve releases line pressure from the control chamber. The line pressure acting on the plug to open the valve..

Technical Data

Size Range: DN25-DN300; 1"-12"

Valve Pattern: Globe

Pressure Rating: PN16; ANSI Class 150 (Ductile Iron)

Operating Pressure Range: 0.8-16 bar; 12-250 psi

End Connections:

Flanged: All standards

Threaded: BSP (Rp ISO 7/1); NPT

Grooved: ANSI C606 or BS 1387 / EN 10255

Working Temperature: Water up to 60°C; 140°F

Note: 1" / DN25 valve suitable for on/off applications only.

Standard Materials:

Body & Cover:

Ductile Iron EN 1563 GR.GJS-450-10; ASTM A536 65-45-12

Diaphragm: Reinforced EPDM with vulcanized radial seal disk

Spring: Stainless Steel 302

Bolting: Steel

Coating: Dark blue fusion bonded epoxy

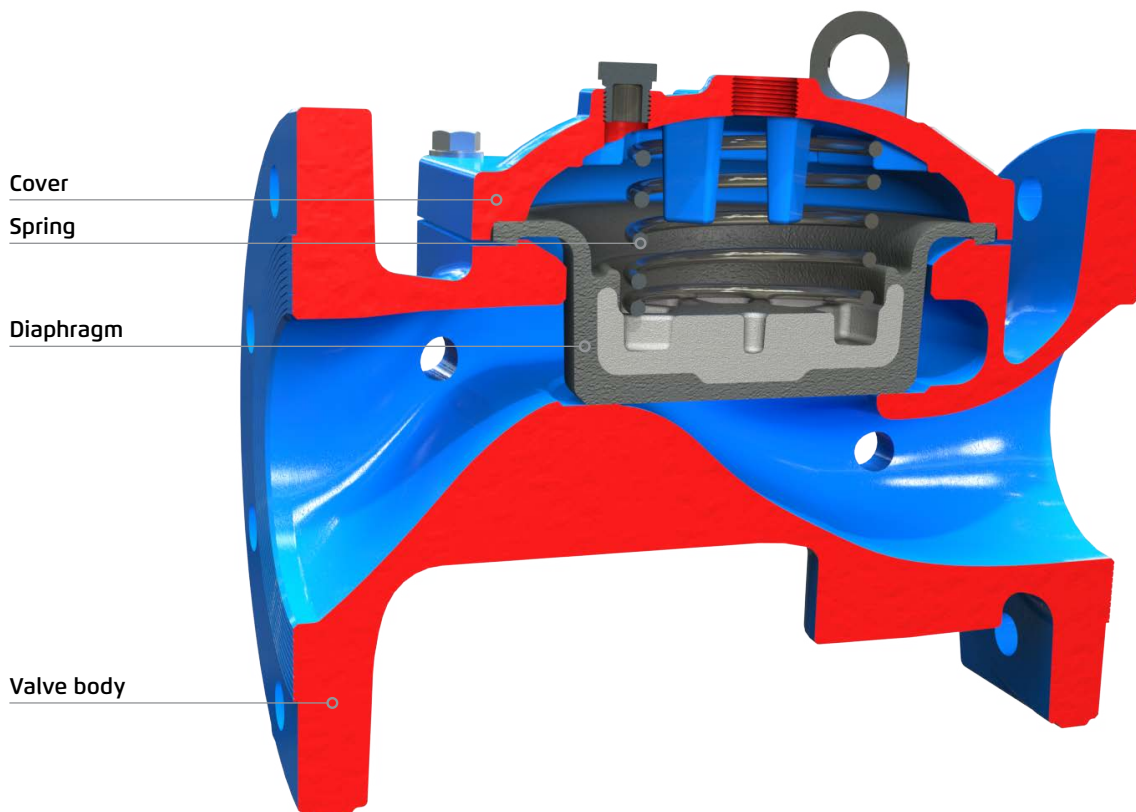
Optional Materials:

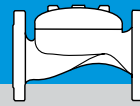
Body & Cover (flanged only):

Stainless Steel 316 ASTM A351 Grade CF8M

Spring: Stainless Steel 316

Bolting: Stainless Steel 316



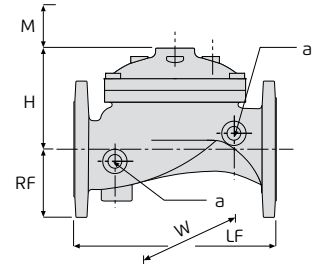


Metric

Dimensions & Weights

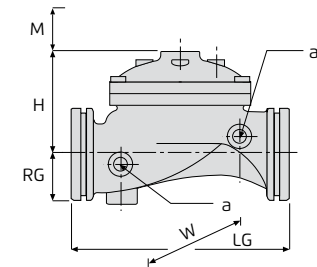
Flanged

| Nominal Diameter | inch | 2" | 2.5" | 3" | 4" | 6" | 8" | 10" | 12" |
|------------------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | mm | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| LF | mm | 205 | 205 | 257 | 320 | 415 | 500 | 605 | 725 |
| W | mm | 155 | 178 | 200 | 223 | 306 | 365 | 405 | 610 |
| RF | mm | 76 | 93 | 100 | 116 | 140 | 172 | 203 | 242 |
| H | mm | 74 | 86 | 110 | 130 | 205 | 256 | 256 | 373 |
| Weight | kg | 9 | 10.5 | 19 | 28 | 68 | 125 | 140 | 250 |



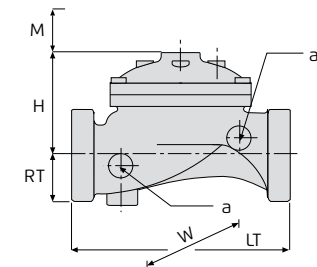
Grooved

| Nominal Diameter | inch | 2" | 3" | 4" | 6" | 8" |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|
| | mm | 50 | 80 | 100 | 150 | 200 |
| LG | mm | 205 | 250 | 320 | 415 | 500 |
| W | mm | 119 | 175 | 204 | 306 | 379 |
| RG ANSI C606 | mm | 30.2 | 44.5 | 57.2 | 84.2 | 110 |
| RG BS 1387 / EN 10255 | mm | 30.2 | 44.5 | 57.2 | 82.6 | 110 |
| H | mm | 74 | 110 | 130 | 205 | 256 |
| Weight | kg | 5 | 11 | 16 | 49 | 108 |



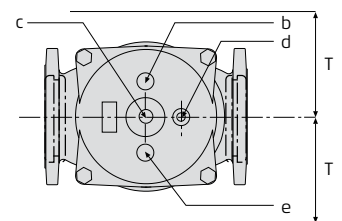
Threaded

| Nominal Diameter | inch | 1" | 1.5" | 2" | 2.5" |
|------------------|------|-----|------|-----|------|
| | mm | 25 | 40 | 50 | 65 |
| LT | mm | 115 | 153 | 180 | 210 |
| W | mm | 71 | 98 | 120 | 129 |
| RT | mm | 34 | 29 | 37 | 40 |
| H | mm | 34 | 58 | 74 | 87 |
| Weight | kg | 1.1 | 2 | 4 | 5.7 |



General Dimensions

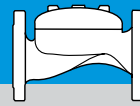
| Nominal Diameter | inch | 1" | 1.5" | 2" | 2.5" | 3" | 4" | 6" | 8" | 10" | 12" |
|------------------|-------|----------|------------|------------|----------|------|------|------------|------|------------|-------|
| | mm | 25 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| a | inch | 1/8" NPT | 2x1/4" NPT | 4x1/4" NPT | | | | 4x3/8" NPT | | 4x1/2" NPT | |
| b | inch | N/A | | | | | | 3/8" NPT | | | |
| c | inch | 1/4" NPT | | 1/2" NPT | | | | | 2"G | | |
| d | inch | N/A | | | 1/4" NPT | | | | | 1/2" NPT | |
| e | inch | N/A | | | | | | | | 3/8" NPT | |
| M | mm | 90 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 205 | 255 | 255 | 375 |
| T | mm | 200 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 370 | 395 | 430 | 475 | 520 | 545 |
| V | Liter | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.11 | 0.18 | 0.29 | 0.67 | 1.97 | 3.86 | 3.86 | 13.75 |



M - Maintenance allowance

T - Maximal control trim space for left or right side trim

V - Control chamber displacement volume



Metric

Flow Factors

| inch | 1" | 1.5" | 2" | 2.5" | 3" | 4" | 6" | 8" | 10" | 12" |
|---------|-----|------|-----|------|------|-----|------|------|-----|------|
| mm | 25 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| Kv | 13 | 29 | 57 | 78 | 136 | 204 | 458 | 781 | 829 | 1932 |
| K | 3.6 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 8.9 | 3.6 |
| Leq - m | 4.5 | 7.9 | 9.1 | 12.1 | 13.7 | 14 | 27.4 | 45.8 | 108 | 57 |

Differential Pressure & Flow Calculation

Valve flow coefficient, Kv $Kv = Q \sqrt{\frac{Gf}{\Delta P}}$
 Where:
 Kv = Valve flow coefficient (flow in m³/h at 1bar ΔP)
 Q = Flow rate (m³/h)
 ΔP = Differential pressure (bar)
 Gf = Liquid specific gravity (Water = 1.0)

Practical formulas for water:

$$Q = Kv \sqrt{\Delta P} \quad \Delta P = \left(\frac{Q}{Kv}\right)^2 \quad Cv = 1.155 Kv$$

Flow resistance or Head loss coefficient, $K = \Delta H \frac{2g}{V^2}$
 Where:
 K = Flow resistance or Head loss coefficient (dimensionless)
 ΔH = Head loss (m)
 V = Nominal size flow velocity (m/sec)
 g = Acceleration of gravity (9.81 m/sec²)

Practical formula:

$$\Delta H = K \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

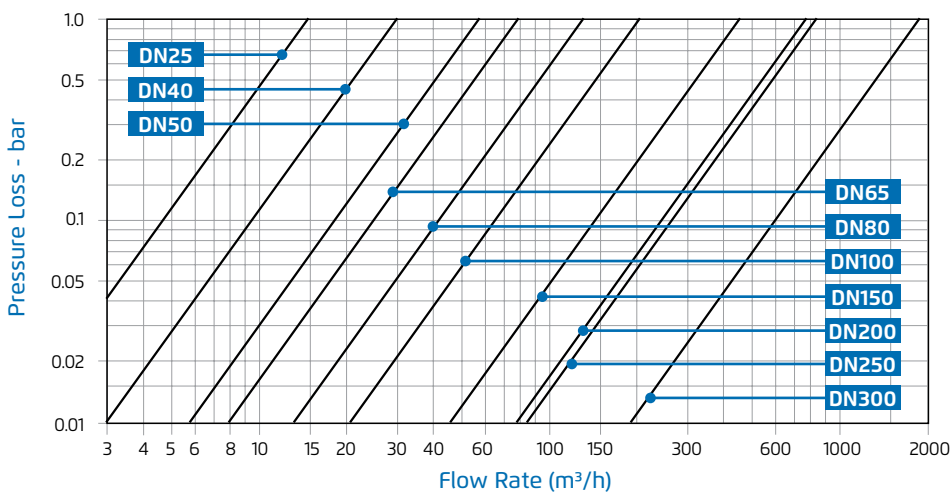
Equivalent Pipe Length - Leq

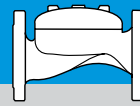
In order to simplify system head loss calculation, add the Leq value to the pipe length of the relevant size

Note:

The Leq values given are for general consideration only. Actual Leq may vary somewhat with each of the valve sizes.

Flow Charts



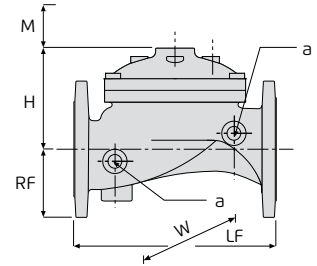


US units

Dimensions & Weights

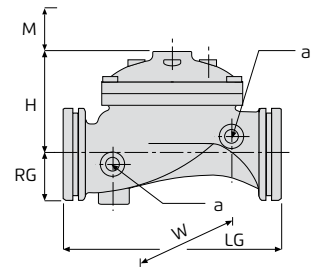
Flanged

| Nominal Diameter | inch | 2" | 2.5" | 3" | 4" | 6" | 8" | 10" | 12" |
|------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | mm | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| LF | inch | 8.07 | 8.07 | 10.12 | 12.60 | 16.34 | 19.69 | 23.82 | 28.54 |
| W | inch | 6.10 | 7.01 | 7.87 | 8.78 | 12.05 | 14.37 | 15.94 | 24.02 |
| RF | inch | 2.99 | 3.66 | 3.94 | 4.57 | 5.51 | 6.77 | 7.99 | 9.53 |
| H | inch | 2.91 | 3.39 | 4.33 | 5.12 | 8.07 | 10.08 | 10.08 | 14.69 |
| Weight | lbs | 20 | 23 | 42 | 62 | 150 | 276 | 309 | 551 |



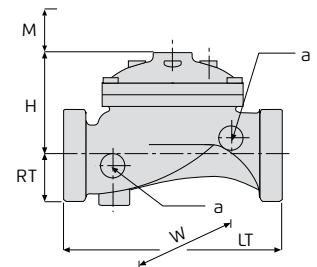
Grooved

| Nominal Diameter | inch | 2" | 3" | 4" | 6" | 8" |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | mm | 50 | 80 | 100 | 150 | 200 |
| LG | inch | 8.07 | 9.84 | 12.60 | 16.34 | 19.69 |
| W | inch | 4.69 | 6.89 | 8.03 | 12.05 | 14.92 |
| RG ANSI C606 | inch | 1.19 | 1.75 | 2.25 | 3.31 | 4.33 |
| RG BS 1387 / EN 10255 | inch | 1.19 | 1.75 | 2.25 | 3.25 | 4.33 |
| H | inch | 2.91 | 4.33 | 5.12 | 8.07 | 10.08 |
| Weight | lbs | 11 | 24 | 35 | 108 | 238 |



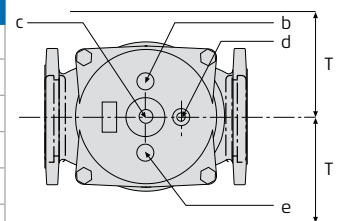
Threaded

| Nominal Diameter | inch | 1" | 1.5" | 2" | 2.5" |
|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | mm | 25 | 40 | 50 | 65 |
| LT | inch | 4.53 | 6.02 | 7.09 | 8.27 |
| W | inch | 2.8 | 3.86 | 4.72 | 5.08 |
| RT | inch | 1.34 | 1.14 | 1.46 | 1.57 |
| H | inch | 1.34 | 2.28 | 2.91 | 3.43 |
| Weight | lbs | 2.4 | 4 | 9 | 13 |



General Dimensions

| Nominal Diameter | inch | 1" | 1.5" | 2" | 2.5" | 3" | 4" | 6" | 8" | 10" | 12" | |
|------------------|---------|----------|------------|------------|----------|-------|-------|------------|-------|------------|----------|--|
| | mm | 25 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | |
| a | inch | 1/8" NPT | 2x1/4" NPT | 4x1/4" NPT | | | | 4x3/8" NPT | | 4x1/2" NPT | | |
| b | inch | N/A | | | | | | 3/8" NPT | | | | |
| c | inch | 1/4" NPT | | 1/2" NPT | | | | | | 2"G | | |
| d | inch | N/A | | | 1/4" NPT | | | | | | 1/2" NPT | |
| e | inch | N/A | | | | | | | | | 3/8" NPT | |
| M | inch | 3.5 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 8.05 | 10.05 | 10.05 | 14.75 | |
| T | inch | 7.9 | 13.80 | 13.80 | 13.80 | 14.55 | 15.55 | 16.95 | 18.70 | 20.45 | 21.45 | |
| V | Gallons | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.18 | 0.52 | 1.02 | 1.02 | 3.63 | |



M - Maintenance allowance

T - Maximal control trim space for left or right side trim

V - Control chamber displacement volume

US units

Flow Factors

| inch | 1" | 1.5" | 2" | 2.5" | 3" | 4" | 6" | 8" | 10" | 12" |
|------------|------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| mm | 25 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| Cv | 15 | 33 | 66 | 90 | 157 | 236 | 529 | 902 | 957 | 2231 |
| K | 3.6 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 8.9 | 3.6 |
| Leq - feet | 14.8 | 26 | 30 | 40 | 45 | 46 | 90 | 150 | 354 | 187 |

Differential Pressure & Flow Calculation

Valve flow coefficient, Cv $Cv = Q \sqrt{\frac{Gf}{\Delta P}}$

Where:

Cv = Valve flow coefficient (flow in gpm at 1psi ΔP)

Q = Flow rate (gpm)

ΔP = Differential pressure (psi)

Gf = Liquid specific gravity (Water = 1.0)

Practical formulas for water:

$$Q = Cv \sqrt{\Delta P} \quad \Delta P = \left(\frac{Q}{Cv}\right)^2$$

Flow resistance or Head loss coefficient, $K = \Delta H \frac{2g}{V^2}$

Where:

K = Flow resistance or Head loss coefficient (dimensionless)

ΔH = Head loss (feet)

V = Nominal size flow velocity (feet/sec)

g = Acceleration of gravity (32.18 feet/sec²)

Practical formula:

$$\Delta H = K \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

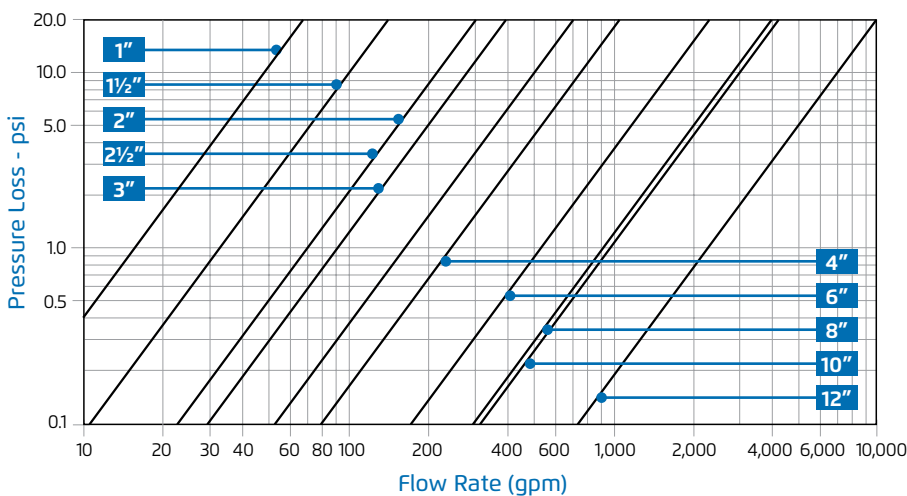
Equivalent Pipe Length - Leq

In order to simplify system head loss calculation, add the Leq value to the pipe length of the relevant size

Note:

The Leq values given are for general consideration only. Actual Leq may vary somewhat with each of the valve sizes.

Flow Charts



Valve Options and Features

Valve Position Indicator - Code I

The BERMAD Valve Position Indicator Assembly provides a visual indication of valve opening and regulation behavior.



Limit Switch Assembly - Code S

The BERMAD Limit Switch Assembly includes mechanical electrical change over contacts (NO + NC), enabling remote signaling of the closed valve position and visual indication of valve opening and regulation behavior.



Flow Stem - Code M

The BERMAD Flow Stem Assembly enables limiting the opening stroke of the control valve.



The above options require a special cover and diaphragm, and are limited to sizes 2"–12" (DN50–DN300). Please consult factory.

