

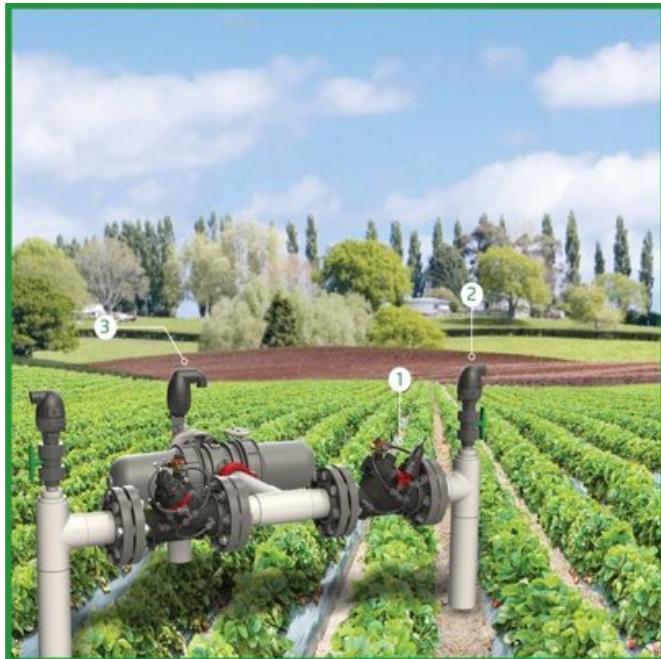


# PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE

With 3-Way Control & Manual Selector & Flow Stem

## Model IR-120-3W-XZM

The BERMAD Pressure Reducing Valve is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm actuated control valve that reduces higher upstream pressure to lower constant downstream pressure and opens fully upon line pressure drop.



[1] BERMAD Model IR-120-3W-XZ establishes reduced pressure zone, protecting laterals and distribution line.

[2] Combination Air Valve Model IR-C10

[3] Combination Air Valve Model IR-C30

### Features & Benefits

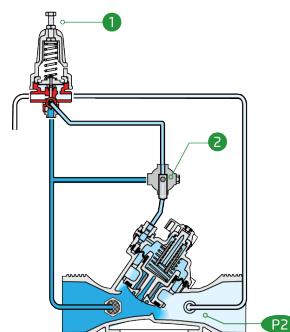
- Line Pressure Driven, Hydraulically Controlled
  - Protects downstream systems
  - Opens fully upon line pressure drop
- Engineered Composite Valve with Industrial Grade Design
  - Adaptable on-site to a wide range of end connection
  - Articulated flange connections that eliminate line bending and hydraulic stresses
  - Highly durable, chemical and cavitation resistant
- hYflow 'Y' Valve Body with "Look Through" Design
  - Ultra-high flow capacity at low pressure loss
- Unitized "Flexible Super Travel" (FST) Diaphragm and Guided Plug
  - Accurate and stable regulation with smooth closing
  - Requires low actuation pressure
  - Prevents diaphragm erosion and distortion
  - Simple in-line inspection and service

### Typical Applications

- Automated Irrigation Systems
- Pressure Reducing Systems
- Systems Subject to Varying Supply Pressure
- Distribution Centers
- Energy Saving Irrigation Systems

### Operation:

The Pressure Reducing Pilot [1] commands the main valve to throttle closed should Downstream Pressure [P2] rise above pilot setting, and to open fully when it drops below pilot setting. The Manual Selector [2] enables local manual closing.





## Technical Data

**Pressure Rating:**

150 psi

**Operating Pressure Range:**

7-150 psi

**Materials**
**Body & Cover:**  
 Polyamide 6 & 30% GF

**Diaphragm:**  
 NR, Nylon fabric reinforced

**Spring:**  
 Stainless Steel

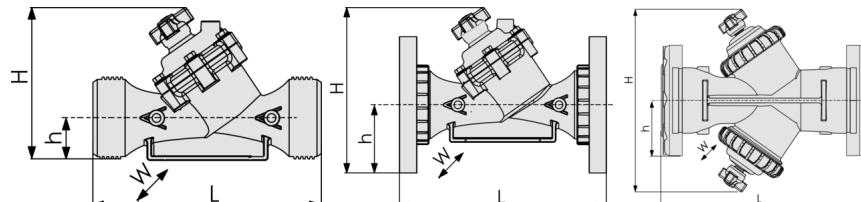
**Control Loop Accessories**
**PR Pilot:** PC-SHARP-X-P

**Pilot Spring Range:**

Spring	Spring Color	Setting range
J	Green	3-25 psi
K	Gray	7-43 psi
<b>N</b>	<b>Natural</b>	<b>12-95 psi</b>
V	Blue & White	15-150 psi

*Standard spring - marked in bold*
**Tubing and Fittings:**  
 Polyethylene and  
 Polypropylene

## Technical Specifications

 For other patterns and end connection types,  
 Please refer to [BERMAD](#) full engineering page.


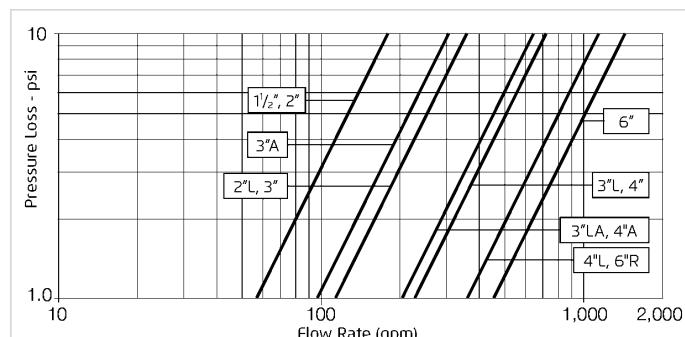
Size	Pattern	End Connection	Weight (Lb)	L (In)	H (In)	h (In)	W	CCDV (Gal)	CV
1½" ; DN40	Oblique	Threaded	2.4	7½	6½	1%	3½	0.026	58
2" ; DN50	Oblique	Threaded	2.7	9½	6½	1%	3½	0.026	58
2½" ; DN50L	Oblique	Threaded	3	9½	7½	1¼	5%	0.033	116
2½" ; DN65	Oblique	Threaded	3	9½	7½	1¼	5%	0.033	116
3" ; DN80	Oblique	Threaded	4	11¾	7½	2¼	5%	0.033	116
3" ; DN80	Oblique	Plastic Flanges	6	12½	9½	4	7½	0.033	116
3" ; DN80	Oblique	Metal Flanges	10	12½	9½	4	7½	0.033	116
3½" ; DN80L	Oblique	Threaded	7	11¾	9½	2½	6%	0.136	231
3½" ; DN80L	Oblique	Plastic Flanges	8.2	12½	12½	4	7½	0.136	231
3½" ; DN80L	Oblique	Metal Flanges	10.1	12½	12½	4	7½	0.136	231
4" ; DN100	Oblique	Plastic Flanges	10	13¾	13	4½	8½	0.136	231
4" ; DN100	Oblique	Metal Flanges	16.3	13¾	13	4½	8½	0.136	231
4" ; DN100L	Oblique	Plastic Flanges	20.2	17½	13½	4½	9	0.253	393
4" ; DN100L	Oblique	Metal Flanges	24.7	17½	13½	4½	9	0.253	393
6"R ; DN150R	Oblique	Metal Flanges	36	18½	14½	5½	11%	0.253	393
6" ; DN150	Boxer	Grooved	26	19	15¼	4	18¾	2x0.136	462
6" ; DN150	Boxer	Plastic Flanges	27.6	19¾	15¼	5%	18¾	2x0.136	462

CCDV = Control Chamber Displacement Volume • **Threaded** = BSP & NPT are available. External thread is available for 2" and 2½" only. • Other End Connections are available on request. For dimensions and weights of adapters or valves with adapters please consult with customer service.

## Additional Features

Code	Description	Size Range
M	Flow Stem (*Exclude sizes 4"R, 6"R)	1½"-6"
5	Plastic Test Point	1½"-4"
V3	Victaulic PVC Adaptors 3"	3"
V4	Victaulic PVC Adaptors 4"	4"

## Flow Chart



## Differential Pressure & Flow Calculation

$$\Delta P = \left( \frac{Q}{Cv} \right)^2$$

 Cv = gpm @ ΔP of 1 psi  
 Q = gpm  
 ΔP = psi